Employee Performance Appraisal System Using Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System (Anfis): A Case Study of Amik Pakarti Luhur

Reza Sulistyawan¹, Mohammad Syafrullah², Hadidtyo Wisnu Wardani³, Novian Hendrianto⁴

Master Program in Computer Science, Information System Technology, Budi Luhur University
Jl. Raya Ciledug, North Petukangan, Kebayoran Lama, South Jakarta 12260.

Abstract:
Employee performance indicates the result of work from employee in conducting the job based on competence, manner, and motivation. In evaluating employee performance, there are many factors, including loyalty, responsibility, discipline, integrity, team work, and leadership factors. Employee roles in advancing the organization is needed because without a good performance, the organization cannot achieve its objectives well. In AMIK Pakarti Luhur Tangerang, employee performance evaluation is done subjectively from the result of meeting, hence, the result of evaluation is not accurate. The samples is done by purposive sampling technique, which is the questionnaire is given to respondents. Employee Performance Evaluation Model is made with Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System (ANFIS) Sugeno method and Toolbox Matlab 8.2 R2013b. To ensure that the system meet the minimum standard quality, thus, the system use Software Quality Assurance (SQA) in evaluating software quality. The conclusion from employee performance evaluation model has a good level of accuracy.


1. INTRODUCTION
Employee performance evaluation (EPV) becomes more important for management in conducting evaluation towards the company’s achievement and business plan in the future. Performance indicates of what an employee has been done to influence the number of actions and ideas to company. Many people think that the employee, who has a higher intelligence, has more successful in completing the job. Emotional intelligence assists 80% in determining someone’s success, whereas other 20% comes from IQ (Intelligence Quotient) [1].

Problems encountered in evaluating employee performance in AMIK Pakarti Luhur Tangerang is evaluation done subjectively from the result of meeting, hence, the result of evaluation is not accurate. Therefore, this research will discuss about EPV application system model in accordance with the EPV guidelines in AMIK Pakarti Luhur in 2010 with its variable, which are employee’s responsibility, discipline, integrity, using Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System (ANFIS) Sugeno method and software that will be used is Matlab 8.2 (R2013b).

In this research, develop EPV model with ANFIS Sugeno model in case to increasing the accuracy and effectiveness in operating EPV process in AMIK Pakarti Luhur Tangerang in accordance with reliable fuzzy logic.
2. THEORETICAL REVIEW

2.1. Employee Performance Evaluation (EPV)
Performance evaluation (PE) is the assessment process on how well the employees do their job as compared to set of standards and then communicate those information to employees [3]. The same thing happened with the previous research was conducted by Pathania& Pathak, whose PE as the device used to measure standards as set by human resources management[4]. Standard is needed in evaluating performance to identify what must employees need to understand and how they do work. In the implication of PE, it assumesthat employees understand the standard used on their work style, give feedback, development, and intensive to employees in order to reduce unfavorable work result and continue favorable result.

2.2. Fuzzy logic
Fuzzy logic is one of component to form soft computing. The basis of fuzzy logic is the theory of fuzzy sets. In theory of fuzzy sets, the role of the degree of association in a set as the determinant of the existence of fundamental is very important. Association value or degree of association or membership function becomes the main characteristic from rational with fuzzy logic[2].

2.3. Sugeno Method
Fuzzy logic inference system use Sugeno method has the characteristic that a consequent is not a part of logic fuzzy set, but is a linear equation with variable that suits with its input variable [6]. This method was first introduced by Takagi-Sugeno Kang in 1985.

2.4. Matlab Software
Matlab is a software with high capability in computing sector. Currently, programming languages are not only required to have advantages in computing aspects, but also required to have good visualization. Matlab is able to integrate computing, visualizing, and programming. In giving a clear picture of an object, Matlab is able to change the object without changing the program [5]. One of the features found in Matlab to make a representation of an object is Guide. Guide or Graphical User Interface GUI Builder is one of the abilities from Matlab that was built with a display such as buttons, static text, text boxes, check boxes, and menus.

2.5. Software Quality Assurance (SQA)
SQA is an activity that takes place in the development of software and maintains the quality of software itself. Three important things in the definition of quality:

1. Software requirement, the basis of quality measurement.
2. Standard that used in determining criteria of how software is engineered.
3. There are numbers of implicit demand that are not adequate considered, but still need attention.

3. RESEARCH DESIGN
This research uses quantitative method to get the data, the author will conduct direct observation and will take questionnaires that previously existed.

A. Steps of The Research Process
1. Identify the Problems
   Research initialization and problem formulation.
2. Literature Study and Research Review
   Learn literature study and research review.
3. Data Collection
   Make observation with related parties.
4. Feasibility Study
   Identify the feasibility of the system both technically and organizationally.
5. System Analysis
   Analyze the system for user needs both functionally and non-functionally.
6. System Planning
   System planning to describe the systems meet the needs.
7. Encoding
   Encoding in accordance with system planning into the programming language.
8. System Test and Evaluation
   System test is done to validate the quality of system test compared to the result of analysis and planning.
9. Implementation
   Implementation phase from previous planning.

B. Obtain Samples Method
The sample selection process is done through direct observation. The sample selection is based on January to June 2018 and July to December 2018. Samples in this research are 30 employees in AMIK PakartiLuhur.

C. Research Instruments
To obtain the data and information in determining EPV, it is done by retrieving the data that has already owed.

D. Analysis Method
To build system application model that is capable to implement ANFIS such as descriptive analysis, which the employee performance score is got by determining 15 employees for every 6 months in 2018, included Responsibility, Discipline and Integrity. And inferential
analysis, included test hybrid algorithm and back propagation.

E. Test The Reliability of GUI

To ensure that the software has a minimum standard quality. Therefore, one of the method to measure the software quality quantitatively used SQA method.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Metrics</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Auditability</td>
<td>Fulfill the standard or not</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Accuracy</td>
<td>Computing accuracy</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Completeness</td>
<td>Completeness</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Tolerance to error</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Execution</td>
<td>Performance execution</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Operability</td>
<td>Easy to operate</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Simplicity</td>
<td>Understandability</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Training</td>
<td>Easy to learn Help facilities</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. RESULT ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

4.1. Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System (ANFIS) Simulation

There are steps for ANFIS to EPV, as follows:

1. Load Data and Testing Data

Load Data is done by taking the file that previously saved.

2. Generate FIS

Generate the structure from FIS model. In this research, membership function that will be used [4 4 4] in trimf curve, trapmf, gbellmf, and gaussmf.

3. Train FIS

This step use predetermined algorithm, so that it would be better to know the smallest error rate on ANFIS.

4. Test FIS

Using FIS that previously created,

A. Hybrid Algorithm Simulation

1. Trimf Membership Function Type

Trimf membership function training process use hybrid algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.3693e-06.
Trmf membership function testing process use hybrid algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.5327e-06.

Gbellmf membership function testing process use hybrid algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.4857e-06.
Gbellmf membership function testing process use hybrid algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score $2.7573 \times 10^{-6}$.

Gaussmf membership function testing process use hybrid algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score $2.4987 \times 10^{-6}$.

Gaussmf membership function testing process use hybrid algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.8324.

B. Back Propagation Algorithm Simulation

1. Trimf Membership Function Type
Trimf membership function training process use back propagation algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.3322.

Trimf membership function testing process use back propagation algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.5546.
2. Trapmf Membership Function Type
Trampf membership function training process use back propagation algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.3345.

3. Gbellmf Membership Function Type
Gbellmf membership function training process use back propagation algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.3343.
4. Gaussmf Membership Function Type
Gaussmf membership function training process use back propagation algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.333.

Gaussmf membership function testing process use back propagation algorithm, which is use epoch=100 and get RMSE score 2.5567.
E. Software Quality Assurance (SQA) Questionnaires that had been given to 5 respondents related to EPV.

Table 2. SQA Metric Questionnaire Result

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User</th>
<th>Metric SQA</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>7 8 8 8 9 9 8 9</td>
<td>85.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>8 8 8 8 9 9 8 9</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>8 8 8 8 9 9 8 9</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>8 8 8 8 9 9 8 9</td>
<td>86.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the ANFIS research model on employee performance, there are some conclusions to be made in this research:

1. A hybrid algorithm has a high accuracy with various mf types compared with back propagation algorithm.
2. The model is considered the best if it produces the smallest RSME error rate. Therefore, this research use hybrid model with mf trimf type, which is this is the best model with the result RSME 2.3693ee-06.
3. The result of feasibility of the software is optimal, which is the result of SQA is 86, more than its minimum optimal standard SQA 80.

Recommendations that can be given through the results of this research in order to get better results for further research, as follows:

1. It is recommended to test some types of association functions, not only trimf, trapmf, gbellmf, and gaussmf, but also the numbers of association function to obtain varied test results.
2. It is recommended to develop FIS method for employee performance research in order to get comparison of the test result between FIS and ANFIS.
3. It is recommended for further research so that the output produced is not only to become employee performance in internal management scale, but also reported to external such as Kopertis and PakartiLuhur foundation.

6. REFERENCES