Design of System Agenda Module for Prospective Employee Selection

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Abstract:

PT Persada is a company engaged in labor outsourcing. Variables such as client, workforce, job, as well as the number of selection processes complicate problems received. There are several problems we found of the selection process agenda. So we try to design a system to manage the problems. The basic theories we used in this study are IS, UML, Human Resource and Selection, SMS Gateway and our previous study. The result of this study is presenting as a design of information system with integration of web based and SMS Gateway solutions.

Keywords — Selection Agenda, UML, Web Based SMS Gateway System, HRIS Module, Information System Module

I. INTRODUCTION

PT PERSADA is a company engaged in labor outsourcing. Who has managed more than hundreds of clients and their workforce every year. Variables such as client, workforce, job, as well as the number of selection processes complicate problems received whenever there is a need for new employees at the company’s client. Therefore, in completing the multi variables, we strive to make the related processes become mutually integrated with the ease of information technology.

However, the problems we found such as human error, in each selection process there are roles that are interrelated. Where in each move of the process makes a gap for miss communication between one part to another. Like the issue of publishing a schedule, the candidate is not called and the most severed one is candidate is not fulfilled. The most important problem number two is difficulties of administration. Difficulties in administration are divided into administrative selection files, candidate searches, candidate calls, recapitulation of each running process, results tracking and making process reports.

The most important goal is to provide optimization of each related process and increase efficiency in the process so that it can increase the productivity of the company which will certainly increase revenue. So we think we do have the work to solved are 1. What kind of system module that can bridge the management of these needs? 2. How will the system work to optimize each related process?

To make it easier for us to follow each of the research processes, we divide the writing of the results of this study into 5 parts: 1. Introduction, contains background, problems, purpose of writing, work to be completed and systematics of writing. 2. Fundamental Theories, contains the theories used in research and previous studies that are related or support this research. 3. Research method, contains research steps and methods and instrumentation used. 4. Results and discussion, contains the results and discussion of the study. 5. Conclusions, contains conclusions from the study.
II. FUNDAMENTAL THEORIES

A. Information System

An information system can be defined technically as a set of interrelated components that collect (or retrieve), process, store, and distribute information to support decision making and control in an organization. In addition to supporting decision making, coordination, and control, information systems may also help managers and workers analyse problems, visualize complex subjects, and create new products.[1]

B. Unified Modeling Language

According to Dennis, Unified Modelling Language (UML) is the standard language for visualization, specification, construction and documentation of the artefacts of a software, and can be used for all stages in the system development process from analysis, design to implementation, according to Denn[2].

UML provides some standard notation and diagrams that can be used as a communication tool for system developers in the process of system analysis and design. Diagrams in UML are defined as information in various forms that are used or produced in the software development process.

Based on the perspective in object-oriented analysis and design process with UML, there are several main diagrams in UML that can be used, namely: 1. Use Case Diagram. Describe the expected functionality of a system. 2. Activity Diagram. An analysis model used or describes an activity process 3. Sequence Diagram. Illustrates the objects in use cases and messages that run in a use case and 4. Class Diagram Describes the number of classes and relationships between classes in the system.

C. Human Resource, Recruitment and Selection

As for Siagian, Human Resources (HR) are central factors in an organization or company. Whatever the form and purpose, the organization or company is made based on the vision for human interest and in carrying out its mission is managed and managed by humans.[3]

According to Marwansyah Recruitment is the process of attracting people or applicants who have the right interests and qualifications to fill certain positions or positions.[4] In the recruitment process, there are various sources of recruitment, marwansyah also stated in general, the source of recruitment can be classified into two types, namely: a. Internal recruitment, That is recruitment that is done using internal sources or employees who are already in the company. There are several methods used in internal recruitment, including job posting, employee references and succession plans. b. That is recruitment that is done by looking for workers from outside the organization or company because often existing employees do not meet recruitment needs for specific interests or purposes. External recruitment is usually carried out especially if the organization or company needs to fill entry level positions, requiring skills or skills that are not owned or required, requiring workers with different backgrounds to get new ideas.

If a group of applicants has been obtained through recruitment, the selection process starts from receiving the application and ends with a decision on the application. The employee selection process is one of the most important parts of the entire HR management process. According to Prof. Dr. Sondang P. Siagian, MPA in the selection process there are several stages that are usually taken, including among others: a. Receipt of application letter, b. Organizing examinations, c. Selection interview, d. Checking the background of the applicant and the reference letters, e. Health evaluation, f. Interview by the manager who will be his immediate supervisor, g. Introduction to work, h. Decision on application

D. Gammu SMS Gateway Application

Gammu is an application to build an SMS Gateway.[5]

The application is currently managed by Michal Cihar and people who experienced in making Gnomii and MyGnomii applications. All services on Gammu have their respective roles, such as services calls allow the server to dial voice, answer call, hold call, and call conference. Besides being able to make a telephone connection, Gammu can also conditioned to send and receive SMS and EMS. Therefore, This service can be used to send messages, download ringtone, caller SMS, send picture, animation, MMS, and VCARD.
E. Previous Study
In my previous study,[6] we focused on getting the point h, of the selection which is decision of application, we’ve applied two kind of method for optimized decision making AHP and Profile Matching. But now we focused on administration and progress of each recruitment and selection procedure for easiness of tracking result and history of the selected employees.

III. METHODOLOGY
A. Research Method
This research is kind of qualitative type of research. We dig a possible solution for agenda process which found at our previous study.[7]

B. Collecting Data Method
The sample selection is using Purposive Sampling technique, which is one of the sampling technique that is often to used in research. Selection of samples are based on informants such as staff, managers, operational and many other involved with selection process.[8]

C. Design Method
The design technique used in this research is using object-oriented design (OOD) approach. In the design process, the designing techniques are: 1. Database design. Modeled with an entity relationship diagram, 2. Design of static structure of information system specification. Modeled with a class diagram, 3. Designing user interface. Includes the design of navigation, input form, and output form. Modeled using wireframing.[9]

IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSIONS
A. SMS Gateway Design with GAMMU SMS Gateway
1. System Module Design

   In the Fig 1, we explain the agenda design work plan on the user interface module agenda, there is a feature to generate broadcast sms according to entered agenda. Then, on the agenda of the user interface module there is also a feature to send broadcast sms that has been generated and given a list of recipients (whose data is taken from the DBMS Existing DSS) as well as raises the reply received from the candidate. SMS broadcast will be arranged by Gammu SMS Gateway to the SMSC. After going through the SMSC, recipients who are candidates will receive an SMS agenda for psychological tests, user interviews, MCU, socialization of work contracts or onboard.

2. Valid True SMS Broadcast Format and Reply SMS Format Design from candidate to sms gateway server, automatic reply based on Database Agenda
   - SMS format: PSI <space> FLPNumber
   - Reply format: Tanggal Agenda Psikotes / User Interview / MCU/socialization / Onboard
     Anda:<<dd-mm-yyyy>>, Tempat: <<Test Address Location>>, Waktu: <<hh:mm>>, PIC: <<PIC Name>>, No Kontak
     PIC:<<Handphone Number>>

3. Valid False SMS Broadcast Format and Reply SMS Format Design from candidate to sms gateway server, automatic reply based on Database Agenda
   - Reply format: “Anda tidak memiliki jadwal yang akan berlangsung”, reply is written in indonesian language means you have no schedule that will take a place

4. Invalid False SMS Broadcast Format and Reply SMS Format Design from candidate to sms gateway server, automatic reply based on Database Agenda
   - Reply format: “Format sms yang anda masukan salah. Ketik PSI<<space>NomorFLP untuk cek agenda psikotes, USI<<space>NomorFLP untuk cek agenda user interview, MCU<<space>NomorFLP untuk cek agenda Tes Kesehatan, SKK<<space>NomorFLP untuk cek agenda
sosialisasi kontrak kerja atau OB <spasi> Nomor FLP untuk cek agenda

B. Database Design

1. Entity Relationship Diagram

![ERD Diagram]

Fig 2. ERD Design

2. Table Specification

As Fig 2 above about ERD Design, there are three tables contain from our previous DSS research that can be used in this study and work as masters for the module (mitra, fungsi, and flp). Those three tables integrated with our new database for agenda module. These table bellow will describe the specification of the new database:

### TABLE I: TABLE: AGENDA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kd_agenda</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Agenda code, Primary key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kd_mitra</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Client Code, Foreign key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kd_fungsi</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Job Function Code, Foreign key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jenis</td>
<td>Int</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Type of Agenda 1. For psycho- logical test 2. For interview test 3. For medical check up test 4. For socialization of work contract 5. For on board</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TABLE II: TABLE: DTAGENDA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kd_agenda</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Agenda Code, composite key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No_flp</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Proposal Application form number of candidate, composite key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status_keh</td>
<td>Int</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Presence status in agenda, 1 for recommended 2 for attend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status_terima</td>
<td>Int</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>employee acceptance status 1 for recommended 2 for considered 3 for rejected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recommendati on</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>From function code (user recommendation for accepted candidates)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL 20 in kb/record

### TABLE III: TABLE: RESCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kd_reschedule</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Reschedule Code, Primary Key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kd_agenda</td>
<td>Char</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Agenda code, Foreign key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waktu</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Agenda time, format: hh:mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tgl</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Agenda date, format: dd/mm/yyyy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lokasi</td>
<td>Varch ar</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Agenda location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pic</td>
<td>Varch ar</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>The name of person in charge for the agenda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>no_pic</td>
<td>Varch ar</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Phone number of the person in charge for agenda</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL 127 in kb/record
3. Database Storage Needs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Record</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agenda</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>2,010,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DiAgenda</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>42,000</td>
<td>840,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reschedule</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>31,500</td>
<td>4,000,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>6,850,500</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. Display Structure Design

Fig 3. Menu Structure

D. User Interface Design

We include in this paper the example of user interface design that we made in these following fig. 4 and fig. 5

![Selection Agenda System](image)

**Fig.4. Entry Agenda Page Form**

E. Network Access Design

![Fig.5 Entry Appointment Page Form](image)

**V. CONCLUSIONS**

A. System module that can bridge the management of these needs is a integration of web based and SMS gateway system. The system can be accessed 24 hours a day.

B. This system can optimized the process of selection process. In selection process there are four different procedures that has the similar pattern. The pattern that similar to every each process is “agenda” so we used a generalization scheme to these patterns to optimized and
support every connecting point and administration of those procedures

REFERENCES


